

November 8, 2013

To whom it may concern

Kubota Corporation
2-47, Shikitsuhigashi 1-chome,
Naniwa-ku, Osaka 556-8601, Japan
Contact: IR Group
Global Management Promotion Department
Planning & Control Headquarters
Phone: +81-6-6648-2645

Notice of interim dividend

Please be advised that Kubota Corporation (hereinafter “the Company”) resolved at the Board of Directors’ Meeting held on November 8, 2013 that the Company would pay interim dividend the record date of which was September 30, 2013.

1. Details of interim dividend

	Interim dividend of this fiscal year	Latest forecast (Released on August 7, 2012)	Interim dividend of the prior year
Record date	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2012
Dividend per common share	¥10	To be determined	¥8
Amount of dividend	¥12,563 million	-	¥10,050 million
Date of payment	December 2, 2013	-	December 3, 2012
Resource of interim dividend	Retained earnings	-	Retained earnings

2. Reasons for interim dividend amount

The Company’s basic policy for the return of profit to shareholders is to maintain stable dividends or raise dividends together with share buy-back and retirement of treasury stock.

Considering the basic policy and the Company’s current business performance, the Company decided to pay ¥10 per common share as the interim dividend of this fiscal year, which would be ¥2 higher than the interim dividend of ¥8 in the prior year.

The specific amount of year-end cash dividend for the year ending March 31, 2014 is not decided at this time.

(Reference)

(per common share)

	Interim dividend	Year-end dividend	Total
This fiscal year (Year ending March 31, 2014)	¥10	To be determined	To be determined
The prior year (Year ended March 31, 2013)	¥8	¥9	¥17

< Cautionary Statements with Respect to Forward-Looking Statements >

This document may contain forward-looking statements that are based on management’s expectations, estimates, projections and assumptions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks and uncertainties, which are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual future results may differ materially from what is forecast in forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors, including, without limitation: general economic conditions in the Company’s markets, particularly government agricultural policies, levels of capital expenditures both in public and private sectors, foreign currency exchange rates, the occurrence of natural disasters, continued competitive pricing pressures in the marketplace, as well as the Company’s ability to continue to gain acceptance of its products.

End of document