Financial Results

for the six months ended September 30, 2014



Shigeru Kimura

Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer,
General Manager of Planning & Control Headquarters
November 11, 2014



Financial Summary

(Billion yen)		Six months ended Sept. 30, 2014	Six months ended Sept. 30, 2013	Changes	
		Amount	Amount	Amount	%
R	evenues	745.1	729.1	+16.0	+2.2
	Domestic	253.7	282.3	-28.7	-10.2
	Overseas	491.4	446.7	+44.7	+10.0
0	perating	13.4%	13.8%		
	income	100.2	100.3	-0.1	-0.1
N	let income	8.9%	9.2%		
-	ttributable to Kubota Corp.	66.1	67.4	-1.3	-1.9

Variance from forecast					
(May 2014)					
Amount	%				
+10.1	+1.4				
-16.3	-6.0				
+26.4	+5.7				
+5.2	+5.5				
+4.1	+6.6				

(Billion yen)	As of Sept. 30, 2014	As of Mar. 31, 2014	Char	nges
	Amount	Amount	Amount	%
Total assets	2,224.8	2,104.7	+120.1	+5.7
Shareholders' equity	1,001.8	934.8	+67.0	+7.2



Revenues by Reporting Segment

(Pillion yon)		(Pillion von)	Six months ended	Six months ended	Changes		
	(Billion yen)		Sept. 30, 2014	Sept. 30, 2013	Amount	%	
	Farm	& Industrial Machinery					
		(Machinery)	599.3	587.3	+11.9	+2.0	
		Domestic	133.4	162.9	-29.6	-18.1	
		Overseas	465.9	424.4	+41.5	+9.8	
	W	ater & Environment					
		(Water)	132.5	128.8	+3.7	+2.9	
		Domestic	107.4	106.8	+0.5	+0.5	
		Overseas	25.1	22.0	+3.2	+14.5	
	Other		13.3	13.0	+0.3	+2.7	
		Domestic	12.9	12.6	+0.3	+2.7	
		Overseas	0.4	0.4	-0.0	-0.3	
	Total revenues		745.1	729.1	+16.0	+2.2	
	Domestic revenues		253.7	282.3	-28.7	-10.2	
	Overseas revenues		491.4	446.7	+44.7	+10.0	

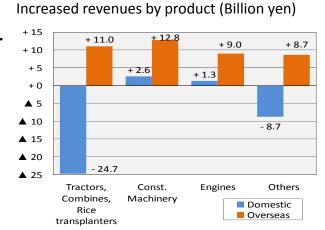
[For reference: Changes excluding the effects of yen depreciation] Overseas revenues increased 6%.

Total revenues were almost the same level.



Revenues by Reporting Segment

- ▶ Machinery: +11.9 billion yen (Domestic: -29.6, Overseas: +41.5)
- ◇Domestic: Sales of farm machinery declined substantially due to front-loaded demand before the tax hike. Const. machinery and engines increased due to firm demand support.
- Overseas: Sales of tractors, const. machinery, and engines rose significantly. Combines and rice transplanters decreased.



▶Water: +3.7 billion yen (Domestic: +0.5, Overseas: +3.2)

- ♦ Domestic: Revenues from pipe-related products decreased slightly. Revenues from environment-related products and social infrastructure-related products increased slightly.
- ♦ Overseas: Revenues from pipe-related products, environment-related products, and social infrastructure-related products increased. In particular, sales of iron pipes and industrial castings increased.
- ▶Other: +0.3 billion yen (Domestic: +0.3, Overseas: -0.0)
- ♦ Domestic revenues increased.
- ♦ Overseas revenues were almost the same as in the prior year.



Operating Income

(Billion yen)	Six months ended Sept. 30, 2014		Six months ended Sept. 30, 2013		Changes	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Operating income	100.2	13.4	100.3	13.8	-0.1	-0.1

Factors affecting operating income (YoY Change -0.1 Billion yen)

US\$ (99→103)
Euro (130→139)
Other currencies

+11.0 billion yen

2. Material costs

Machinery Water +1.0 billion yen -1.5 billion yen

+6.0 billion yen

+4.0 billion yen

+1.0 billion ven

-0.5billion yen

3. Increase in personnel expenses

Cost of goods sold Selling, general, and administrative expenses -7.5 billion yen -

-10.3 billion yen

4. Non-recurring items

Additional amortization

Amortization of valuation difference between the amount paid and fair market value of net assets of Kverneland AS

'14/3: -1.5 billion yen → '15/3: - 1.0 billion yen

+0.5 billion yen

-5.9 billion yen

Thailand floods-related (Reversal of allowance for prior year)

China, sales incentive payment related to suspension of subsidies

-1.7 billion yen

-4.7 billion yen

5. Other factors

+5.6 billion yen



Operating Income by Reporting Segment

Operating income excluding non-recurring items

	Six months	s ended Sep	ot. 30, 2014	Six month	s ended Sep	ot. 30, 2013			
(Billion yen)	_	Non- recurring items	Adjusted operating income	Operating income	Non- recurring items	Adjusted Operating income	Changes	Changes (Adjusted)	Changes in revenues
	1	2	3=1-2	4	5	6=4-5	1)-4	3-6	
	17.0%		18.0%	17.5%		17.5%			
Machinery	102.1	-5.7	107.8	103.0	0.2	102.7	-0.9	+5.1	+11.9
	5.3%		5.3%	5.1%		5.1%			
Water	7.1	-	7.1	6.6	-	6.6	+0.4	+0.4	+3.7
	8.1%		8.1%	7.9%		7.9%			
Other	1.1	-	1.1	1.0	-	1.0	+0.1	+0.1	+0.3
Adjustment	-10.0	-	-10.0	-10.3	-	-10.3	+0.2	+0.2	
	13.4%		14.2%	13.8%		13.7%			
Total	100.2	-5.7	105.9	100.3	0.2	100.1	-0.1	+5.8	+16.0



Other Income (Expenses)

(Billion yen)	Six months ended Sept. 30, 2014	Six months ended Sept. 30, 2013	Changes Amount	
	Amount	Amount		
Other income (expenses)	3.4	5.6	-2.3	



(Details)

Inte	erests and dividends	1.8	1.5	+0.3	
Gai	n on sales of securities	0.2	3.7	-3.5	
Foreign exchange gain (loss)-net		5.0	-2.4	+7.4	1
Oth	ner	-3.6	2.9	-6.5	+1.0
	Valuation gain (loss) on derivatives	-3.3	3.1	-6.4	J
	Other-net	-0.2	-0.2	-0.0	



Taxable Income/ Net Income

(Billion yen)	Six months ended Sept. 30, 2014		Six months ended Sept. 30, 2013		Changes	
(Simon yen,	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Taxable income (*)	103.6	13.9	106.0	14.5	-2.4	-2.3
Income taxes	33.5		35.6		+2.1	
(Effective tax rate)	(32.3%)		(33.6%)			
Equity in net income of affiliated companies	1.2		2.2		-1.0	
Net income	71.3	9.6	72.6	10.0	-1.3	-1.7
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	5.2		5.1		-0.0	
Net income attributable to Kubota Corp.	66.1	8.9	67.4	9.2	-1.3	-1.9

	Interim	12 yen	10 yen	十2 yen
Dividend per common share	Year-end	I	18 yen	I
	Total	_	28 yen	_

(*)Income before income taxes and equity in net income of affiliated companies



Balance Sheets (Assets)

	(Billion yen)	As of Sept. 30, 2014	As of Mar. 31, 2014	Changes	Changes ex the effects of yen depreciation
	Current assets	1,265.6	1,234.0	+31.7	
	Cash and cash equivalents	104.3	87.0	+17.2	
	Notes and accounts receivable	546.3	601.7	-55.5	-70.0
	Short-term finance receivables-net	179.8	163.0	+16.8	
	Inventories	334.0	299.8	+34.2	+28.0
	Other current assets	101.4	82.5	+18.9	
	Investments and long-term finance receivables	568.6	494.4	+74.2	
	Long-term finance receivables-net	404.2	334.1	+70.1	
	Other	164.4	160.3	+4.1	
	Property, plant, and equipment	287.9	282.7	+5.2	
	Other assets	102.6	93.6	+9.0	
	Total assets	2,224.8	2,104.7	+120.1	
		I			
→	Total finance receivables-net	584.0	497.1	+86.9	+55.0
	< Reference > Foreign exchange rate at balance sheet day	(yen)			
	U.S. dollar	109	103	+6	

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Euro

Balance Sheets (Liabilities)

	(Billion yen)	As of Sept. 30, 2014	As of Mar. 31, 2014	Changes	е	nanges ex the ffects of yen depreciation	
	Current liabilities	695.1	718.9	-23.9			•
	Short-term borrowings	208.8	181.6	+27.2			
	Notes and accounts payable	217.7	240.7	-23.0			
	Current portion of long-term debt	74.9	89.8	-14.8			
	Other current liabilities	193.7	206.9	-13.2			
	Long-term liabilities	454.6	385.1	+69.5			
	Long-term debt	377.5	315.6	+61.9			
	Accured retirement and pension costs	12.2	13.0	-0.9			
	Other long-term liabilities	65.0	56.5	+8.5			
	Total liabilities	1,149.6	1,104.0	+45.6			
→	Total interest-bearing debt	661.2	586.9	+74.3		+47.0	
	Net debt equity ratio	0.56	0.53	+0.03		ECO FIRS	÷

Balance Sheets (Equity)

	(Billion yen)	As of Sept. 30, 2014	As of Mar. 31, 2014	Changes
V	hoto Corp. sharaholdara' aguity	1,001.8	934.8	+67.0
INU	bota Corp. shareholders' equity	1,001.8	334.0	+07.0
	Common stock	84.1	84.1	-
	Capital surplus	88.7	88.8	-0.1
	Legal reserve	19.5	19.5	-
	Retained earnings	747.3	703.7	+43.6
	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	62.6	39.0	+23.6
	Foreign currency translation adjustments	29.8	8.4	+21.4
	Unrealized gains on securities	47.0	44.9	+2.1
	Pension liability adjustments	-14.2	-14.2	+0.0
	Unrealized losses on derivetives	-0.0	-0.0	+0.0
	Treasury stock	-0.3	-0.3	-0.0
No	oncontrolling interests	73.3	65.8	+7.5
	Total equity	1,075.1	1,000.6	+74.5

Shareholders' equity to total assets	45.0%	44.4%	0.6%
		_	FIRS'

Cash Flow Statements

	(Billion yen)	Six months ended Sept. 30, 2014	Six months ended Sept. 30, 2013	Changes
	Net cash provided by operating activities	72.1	70.1	+2.1
	Net cash used in investing activities	-81.6	-58.9	-22.6
	Purchases of fixed assets	-19.9	-26.1	+6.2
	Other	-61.7	-32.8	-28.9
	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	23.4	-10.3	+33.7
	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	3.3	3.5	-0.2
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	17.2	4.3	+12.9
→	Free cash flow	52.2	44.0	+8.3



Recent Developments



Recent Developments (North America)

U.S. • • Revenues substantially increased due to favorable demand and the effect of launching new products.

Market: The compact tractor market remained strong, despite intensifying competition. Mini-excavator sales expanded, led by general users.

[YoY growth rate of retail sales units in the tractor market by horsepower]

		JanMar.	AprJune	July-Sept.	OctDec.	JanDec.
	0-40hp	+ 5.2%	+ 13.9%	+ 15.5%	- 2.5%	+ 9.2%
2013	40-120hp	+ 11.8%	+ 7.0%	+ 15.7%	+ 3.3%	+ 8.9%
	0-120hp	+ 8.1%	+ 11.5%	+ 15.6%	+ 0.2%	+ 9.1%
	0-40hp	+ 11.6%	+ 4.7%	+ 13.5%	-	-
2014	40-120hp	+ 3.7%	+ 4.5%	+ 12.9%	-	-
	0-120hp	+ 8.0%	+ 4.6%	+ 13.3%	-	-

AprSe	pt.	AprMar.
+ 14	.5%	+ 10.3%
+ 10	.8%	+ 7.3%
+ 13	.2%	+ 9.1%
+ 8	.1%	-
+ 8	.3%	-
+ 8	.2%	-

Apr.-Mar.

Source: AEM (Association of Equipment Manufacturers)

[YoY growth rate of retail sales units in the mini-excavator market (0-8t)]

	JanMar.	AprJune	July-Sept.	OctDec.	JanDec.
2013	+ 3.2%	+ 13.6%	+ 29.2%	+ 19.3%	+ 16.3%

5 + 19.3% + 16.3% + 20.1% + 17.5%Source: AEM (Association of Equipment Manufacturers)

Apr.-Sept.

Kubota (unit basis):

RS >

< Tractors/ RS > Increased, despite a slight decrease in market share.

New products of RTVs also remained strong.

< Const. machinery/ Sales of mini-excavators achieved revenue growth in excess of market

expansion. Market share of CTLs also increased.

< Engines/ WS > The switch to Tier 4 engines is progressing.

RS: Retail Sales, WS: Wholesale



Recent Developments (Europe)

Europe • • • Sales of tractors, const. machinery, and engines rose due to the recovery of the U.K. economy and the strengthening sales activities.

Market: Tractors market remained weak due to austerity measures and lower crop prices. The market in southern Europe recovered due to the bottoming out of the economies.

Kubota (unit basis):

< Tractors/ RS > Achieved expanded sales due to strengthened sales programs, despite intensifying competition and adverse market condition.

< Const. machinery/ Revenues recorded double-digit growth due to economic recovery and expansion of construction investment in the U.K.</p>

< Engines/ WS > Increased on the back of healthy construction and industrial machinery market.

< Implements/ WS > Market remained flat.



Recent Developments (Asia)

Thailand • • • The trends in agricultural policy are uncertain. However, retail sales increased due to expanding sales in the upland farming market and sales in neighboring countries.

Market: The effects of political turmoil and stoppage of the rice payment pledge scheme receded.

Kubota (unit basis):

RS >

< Tractors • combines/ In the first half, retail sales increased, while wholesale decreased due to inventory adjustment. Going forward, continue to concentrate on expanding sales in the steady upland farming market and sales in neighboring countries.

< Const. machinery/

Remained solid, despite economic stagnation.

RS >

<Export to neighboring countries / WS > Power tillers, engines, and combines increased.

Sales in Myanmar increased dramatically, along with sales increase in

Cambodia and Laos.

Recent Developments (China)

China - - Suspension of subsidies will be lifted in January 2015 (except for one model).

Market: Subsidies increased to RMB 23.8 billion.

Const. machinery sales shrank due to the downturn in the

real- estate market.

[Subsidies of China's central government for purchase of agricultural equipment]

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Subsidies	1st stage	-	ı	-	ı	11.0	13.0	20.0	17.0
(Billion RMB)	Full year	2.0	4.0	13.0	15.5	17.5	21.5	21.75	23.8

Kubota (unit basis):

< Combines/ RS > Retail sales of conventional-type combines exceeded the prior year.

< Const. machinery/ Decreased after spring due to the struggling mini-excavator market. RS >



Recent Developments (Japan)

Sales of farm equipment decreased substantially due to front-loaded demand Japan ••• before the tax hike.

Sales of const. machinery and engines continued to be steady.

Market: Shipments of farm machinery fell 23 % YoY during Apr.-Sept. while public sector continued to be steady.

Kubota (monetary basis):

< Farm machinery/ Substantial decrease due to market shrinkage caused by adverse RS > reaction to the front-loaded demand.

Favorable sales due to firm demand < Const. machinery/ RS > supported by increased public works

spending.

<Engines/WS > Production volume for exports of OEM clients increased due to the recovery in overseas economies.

Remained firm due to reconstruction < Public works spending/Shipping > and replacement demand.

(Shipments of farm machinery in the Japanese market, YoY (%))

	JanMar.	AprJune	July-Sept.	OctDec.	JanDec.
2012	+ 5.9%	+ 7.2%	+ 8.7%	+ 3.6%	+ 6.3%
2013	+ 5.9%	+ 10.8%	+ 20.0%	+ 28.3%	+ 17.1%
2014	+ 34.6%	- 18.6%	- 26.9%	-	-

AprSept.	AprMar.
+ 8.0%	+ 6.3%
+ 15.9%	+ 23.8%
- 23.3%	-
C	\

(Pro	ducers prid	ce of Japan	ese rice (yen/60kg】
14,000			~~	
13,000				
12,000				
11,000	-			,
10,000	4			
2				Oct. Tay. box. Try
	2011	2012	2013	2014

Source: Ministry of Agriculture.

Forestry and Fisheries

Forecast

Anticipated Operating Results

The forecasts remain unchanged from previous forecast

(Billion yen)	Year ending Mar. 31, 2015 (Forecast)	Year ended Mar. 31, 2014 (Actual)	Changes
Revenues	1,550.0	1,508.6	+41.4
	12.9%	13.4%	
Operating income	200.0	202.4	-2.4
Other income(expenses)	10.0	8.9	+1.1
	13.5%	14.0%	
Taxble income (*)	210.0	211.3	-1.3
Not in a successible to	8.4%	8.7%	
Net income attributable to Kubota Corp.	130.0	131.7	-1.7

^(*)Income before income taxes and equity in net income of affiliated companies



Anticipated Revenues by Reporting Segment

(Pillion yon)		Year ending			ges	Previous	Chages		
	(Billion yen)		Mar. 31, 2015 (Forecast)	Mar. 31, 2014 (Actual)	Amount	%	forecast	Amount	%
	Machinery		1,165.0	1,153.1	+11.9	+1.0	1,160.0	+5.0	+0.4
		Domestic	270.0	332.6	-62.6	-18.8	290.0	-20.0	-6.9
		Overseas	895.0	820.5	+74.5	+9.1	870.0	+25.0	+2.9
		Water	356.0	326.2	+29.8	+9.1	360.0	-4.0	-1.1
		Domestic	292.0	277.3	+14.7	+5.3	290.0	+2.0	+0.7
		Overseas	64.0	48.9	+15.1	+30.9	70.0	-6.0	-8.6
		Other	29.0	29.3	-0.3	-1.0	30.0	-1.0	-3.3
		Domestic	28.0	28.5	-0.5	-1.8	30.0	-2.0	-6.7
		Overseas	1.0	0.8	+0.2	+25.0	0.0	+1.0	-
Total revenues		1,550.0	1,508.6	+41.4	+2.7	1,550.0	+0.0	+0.0	
Do	Domestic revenues		590.0	638.4	-48.4	-7.6	610.0	-20.0	-3.3
Overseas revenue		960.0	870.2	+89.8	+10.3	940.0	+20.0	+2.1	



Anticipated Operating Income

(Billion yen)	Year ending Mar. 31, 2015		Year ended Mar. 31, 2014		Changes	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Operating income	200.0	12.9	202.4	13.4	-2.4	-1.2

Factors affecting operating income (YoY change -2.4 billion yen)

1. Fluctuation in exchange rates

US\$ (100→105) Euro (134→137) Other currencies +11.0 billion yen +4.0 billion yen +3.0 billion yen

2. Material costs

Machinery +2.0 billion yen Water -3.0 billion yen

'14/3: -2.5 billion yen \rightarrow '15/3: - 1.9 billion yen

-1.0 billion yen

3. Increase in personnel expenses

Cost of goods sold Selling, general, and administrative expenses -15.0 billion yen
-5.5 billion yen

4. Non-recurring items

Additional amortization

Amortization of valuation difference between the amount paid and fair market value of net assets of Kverneland AS

-6.7 billion yen

Thailand floods-related (Reversal of allowance for prior year)

China, sales incentive payment related to suspension of subsidies

-2.1 billion yen

-5.2 billion yen

+0.6 billion yen

5. Other factors

+8.8 billion yen

Anticipated Operating Income by Reporting Segment

Anticipated operating income excluding non-recurring items

[% shows OP margin]

	Year ending Mar. 31, 2015			Year ended Mar.31, 2014					
(Billion yen)	_	Non- recurring items	Adjusted operating income	Operating income	Non- recurring items	Adjusted operating income	Changes	Changes (Adjusted)	Chages in revenues
	16.20/	2	3=1-2	4	5	6=4-5	1-4	<u> </u>	
Machinery	16.3% 190.0	-9.1	17.1% 199.1	17.1% 196.9	-0.4	17.1% 197.3	-6.9	+1.8	+11.9
	8.4%		8.4%	7.8%		7.8%			
Water	30.0	-	30.0	25.3	-	25.3	+4.7	+4.7	+29.8
	10.3%		10.3%	11.5%		11.5%			
Other	3.0	-	3.0	3.4	-	3.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.3
Adjustment	-23.0	-	-23.0	-23.1	_	-23.1	+0.1	+0.1	
	12.9%		13.5%	13.4%		13.4%			
Total	200.0	-9.1	209.1	202.4	-0.4	202.8	-2.4	+6.3	+41.4



Exchange rate, CAPEX, Depreciation and R&D expenses

[Anticipated foreign exchange rate]

	(Yen)	Yea	ar ending N	Year ended Mar. 31, 2014	
	(1611)	Revised forecast			
¥/US\$	1st Half (AprSept.)	Actual 103		100	99
	2nd Half (OctMar.)	Plan	106	100	102
Full year average		Plan	105	100	100
¥/Euro	1st Half (AprSept.)	Actual	139	140	130
2nd Half (OctMar.)		Plan	135	140	139
	Full year average	Plan	137	140	134

[CAPEX, Depreciation and R&D expenses]

(Pillion yon)	Year ending N	Year ended		
(Billion yen)	Revised forecast	Previous forecast	Mar. 31, 2014	
Capital expenditures	60.0	64.0	51.2	
Depreciation and amortization	39.0	39.0	35.3	
R&D expenses	40.0	39.0	35.6	



Safe Harbor

<u>Cautionary Statements with Respect to Forward-Looking Statements</u>

This document may contain forward-looking statements that are based on management's expectations, estimates, projections and assumptions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks and uncertainties, which are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual future results may differ materially from what is forecast in forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors, including, without limitation: general economic conditions in the Company's markets, particularly government agricultural policies, levels of capital expenditures both in public and private sectors, foreign currency exchange rates, the occurrence of natural disasters, continued competitive pricing pressures in the marketplace, as well as the Company's ability to continue to gain acceptance of its products.





For Earth, For Life
Kubota